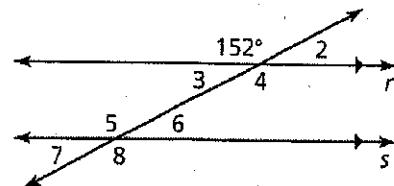
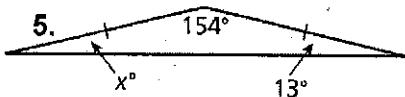


**Chapter  
3****Practice Assessment**

Use the figure to find the measure of the angle. Explain your reasoning.

1.  $\angle 4$   $152^\circ$ , because they are vertical angles.2.  $\angle 5$   $152^\circ$ , because they are corresponding angles3.  $\angle 8$   $152^\circ$ , because  $\angle 5 + \angle 8$  are vertical angles4.  $\angle 6$   $28^\circ$ ,  $\angle 2 = 180 - 152 = 28^\circ$ and  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 6$  because they are corresponding.

Find the measures of the interior angles.

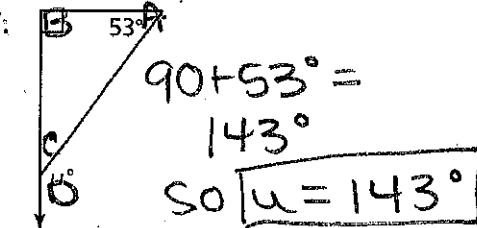


$$180 - 167 = 13^\circ$$

$\text{So } x = 13^\circ$ , also the two angles in an isosceles triangle are congruent.

Find the measure of the exterior angle.

7.

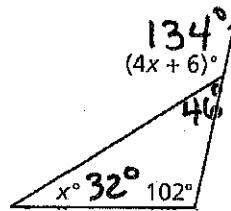


$$90 + 53^\circ = 143^\circ$$

$\text{So } u = 143^\circ$

because  $\angle A + \angle B = \angle C$ 

8.



$$134^\circ + (4x+6)^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$46^\circ + 102^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$102 + x = 4x + 6$$

$$102 = 3x + 6$$

$$96 = 3x$$

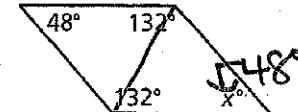
$$x = 32^\circ$$

$$4x + 6 = 32^\circ + 102^\circ$$

$$= 134$$

Find the measures of the interior angles of the polygon.

9.

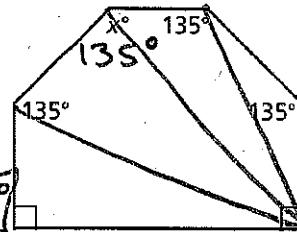


$$132 + 132 + 48 + x = 360$$

$$312 + x = 360 \Rightarrow x = 48^\circ$$

$$180 * 2 = 360$$

10.



$$180 * 4 = 720$$

Sum of interior angles

$$90 + 90 + 135 * 3 + x = 720$$

$$180 + 405 + x = 585 + x = 720$$

$$x = 135$$